

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

PHYSICS 0625/12

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

October/November 2023

45 minutes

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

INSTRUCTIONS

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions.

- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do not use correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- Take the weight of 1.0 kg to be 9.8 N (acceleration of free fall = 9.8 m/s²).

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.



This document has 16 pages.

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[Turn over

1 A student investigates the oscillation of a mass suspended from a spring.

The student pulls the mass down from its rest position P and then releases it so that it oscillates vertically.

The student then follows the instructions listed to find the period of the oscillating mass.

- 1 Count 10 complete oscillations.
- 2 Divide the time on the stop-watch by 10.
- 3 Start the stop-watch as the mass passes upwards through point P.
- 4 Stop the stop-watch.

What is the correct order of these instructions?

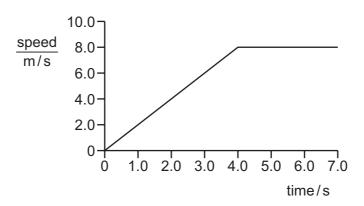
- **A** $1 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2$
- $\textbf{B} \quad 3 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2$
- **C** $3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2$
- **D** $4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1$

2 A student measures the average speed of a cyclist in a race.

Which quantities must she measure?

- A the total time taken to complete the race and the time taken for the cyclist to reach her highest speed
- **B** the total time taken to complete the race and the total distance travelled by the cyclist at her highest speed
- **C** the total time taken to complete the race and the total distance travelled by the cyclist
- **D** the time taken to reach her highest speed and the total distance travelled by the cyclist

3 The graph shows the motion of a sprinter.



She accelerates steadily from rest to 8.0 m/s in 4.0 s.

How far does she travel in the last three seconds of her acceleration?

A 9.0 m

B 15 m

C 16 m

D 24 m

4 A person steps onto a bathroom scale.

The bathroom scale records both mass and weight.

Which row shows the readings on the bathroom scale?

	mass	weight
Α	60 N	590 kg
В	60 kg	590 N
С	590 kg	60 N
D	590 N	60 kg

5 Which equation is correct?

A density = mass × volume

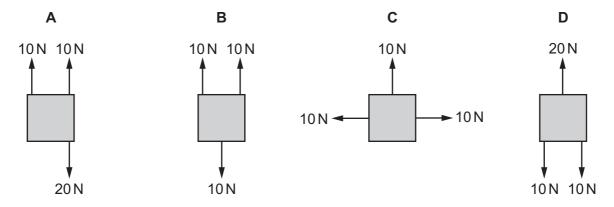
B density = weight \times volume

 \mathbf{C} mass = density × volume

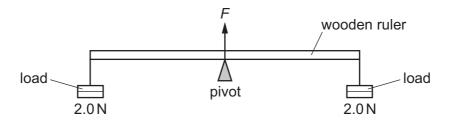
D weight = density \times volume

6 The diagrams show four identical objects. Each object is acted on by only the forces shown.

Which diagram shows an object in equilibrium?



7 A uniform wooden ruler is pivoted at its centre. A load of 2.0 N is suspended from each end of the ruler.



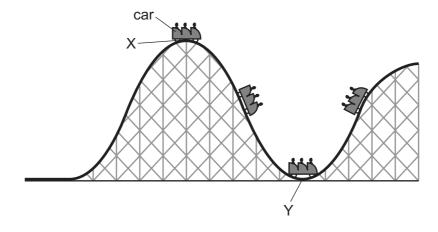
The pivot exerts an upward force *F* on the ruler.

What is *F* equal to?

- **A** 2.0 N
- **B** the weight of the ruler
- **C** 4.0 N
- **D** 4.0 N plus the weight of the ruler

8 The diagram shows part of a rollercoaster ride with the car at different positions.

The car runs freely down from position X to position Y and up the hill on the other side.



What happens to the energy in the kinetic store and the gravitational potential store of the car as it moves from position X to position Y?

	energy in kinetic store	energy in gravitational potential store
Α	decreases	decreases
В	decreases	increases
С	increases	decreases
D	increases	increases

9 In a small power station, biofuel is used to generate electricity.

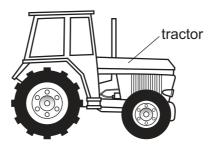
Which energy store is reduced by this process?

- **A** chemical
- **B** kinetic
- **C** nuclear
- **D** thermal
- **10** An electric car is charged overnight. In 8.0 hours, 180 MJ of energy is transferred.

What is the power of the charger?

- **A** 6.3 kW
- **B** 380 kW
- **C** 23 MW
- **D** 1400 MW

11 Tractors have large tyres. These help to prevent the wheels from sinking into soft ground.



Which statement explains this?

- **A** Larger tyres exert a greater force on the ground.
- **B** Larger tyres exert a greater pressure on the ground.
- **C** Larger tyres exert a smaller force on the ground.
- **D** Larger tyres exert a smaller pressure on the ground.
- **12** Brownian motion is the random motion of particles.

In which states of matter is Brownian motion observed?

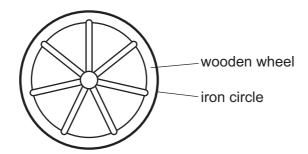
- A gases, liquids and solids
- **B** gases and liquids only
- C gases and solids only
- D liquids and solids only
- **13** A student investigates the relationship between the pressure of a gas and its volume at constant temperature. He records his results in the table.

reading	pressure N/cm²	volume /cm³
1	10.0	24
2	7.4	32
3	4.0	63
4	13.0	19

What is the correct conclusion from the experiment?

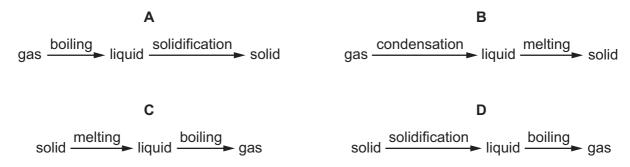
- **A** The volume decreases when the pressure increases.
- **B** The volume increases when the pressure increases.
- **C** The volume initially increases when the pressure increases, but then decreases.
- **D** The volume is independent of the pressure.

14 A wooden wheel can be strengthened by putting a tight circle of iron around it.

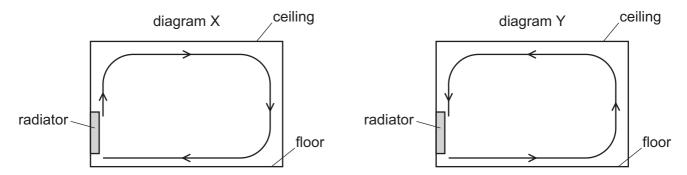


Which action would make it easier to fit the circle over the wood?

- A cooling the iron circle only
- B heating the iron circle
- **C** heating the wooden wheel and cooling the iron circle
- **D** heating the wooden wheel but not heating or cooling the iron circle
- 15 Which diagram shows the processes happening during changes of state?



16 A room is heated by a radiator. The diagrams X and Y show two possible circulations of hot air, which heat the room.



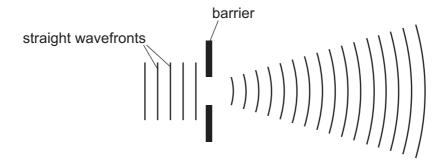
Which diagram and reason explain the heating of the room by convection?

	diagram	reason	
Α	X	air density decreases when air is heated	
В	X	air density increases when air is heated	
С	Y	air density decreases when air is heated	
D	Υ	air density increases when air is heated	

17 Which description and example are correct for a transverse wave?

	description	example
Α	The direction of vibration is parallel to the direction of propagation.	sound
В	The direction of vibration is parallel to the direction of propagation.	waves on a rope
С	The direction of vibration is at right angles to the direction of propagation.	sound
D	The direction of vibration is at right angles to the direction of propagation.	waves on a rope

18 Straight wavefronts on the surface of a ripple tank approach a gap in a barrier. The diagram shows how the wavefronts change shape as they pass through the gap.



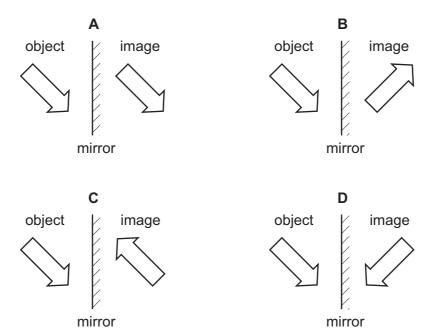
What is the name of this effect?

- **A** diffraction
- **B** propagation
- **C** reflection
- **D** refraction
- 19 Red, green and violet lights are part of the visible spectrum of light.

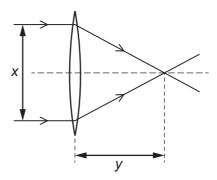
What is the order of colours from shortest to longest wavelength?

- **A** red \rightarrow green \rightarrow violet
- **B** red \rightarrow violet \rightarrow green
- \mathbf{C} violet \rightarrow red \rightarrow green
- **D** violet \rightarrow green \rightarrow red

20 Which diagram shows the image correctly formed by reflection?



21 A student passes parallel rays of light through four different converging lenses. He measures the distance *x* and the distance *y* for each experiment.



Which lens has the longest focal length?

	x/cm	y/cm
Α	4.6	2.0
В	5.1	3.1
С	5.9	2.3
D	6.1	2.4

22 The table shows different types of wave in the electromagnetic spectrum.

radio waves	microwaves	infrared waves	visible light	ultraviolet waves	X-rays	gamma rays	
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Where do all the waves travel at the same speed?

- A in a vacuum
- **B** in diamond
- C in glass
- **D** in water
- 23 Which statement about a sound that can be heard by a person with normal hearing is correct?
 - **A** The sound is a longitudinal wave with a frequency between 2.0 Hz and 20 Hz.
 - **B** The sound is a longitudinal wave with a frequency between 20 Hz and 20 000 Hz.
 - **C** The sound is a transverse wave with a frequency between 2.0 Hz and 2000 Hz.
 - **D** The sound is a transverse wave with a frequency between 2.0 Hz and 20 MHz.

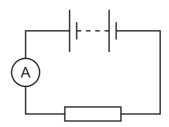
24 A hard magnetic material can be used to make a permanent magnet.

A soft magnetic material can be used to make a temporary magnet.

Which row shows whether iron and steel are hard or soft magnetic materials?

	iron	steel
A hard		hard
В	hard	soft
С	soft	hard
D	soft	soft

25 A battery is connected to an ammeter and a resistor.



The ammeter reading is 0.20 A.

An electrical insulator is connected in parallel with the resistor.

What is the ammeter reading?

- 0 A
- between 0 A and 0.20 A
- C 0.20 A
- greater than 0.20 A

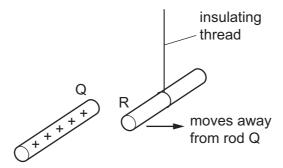
26 Which unit is used to measure electromotive force (e.m.f.)?

- ampere
- joule
- C volt
- watt

27 Which equation is correct for resistance R, potential difference (p.d.) V and current I?

- **A** $R = \frac{V}{I}$ **B** R = V + I **C** $R = \frac{I}{V}$ **D** $R = V \times I$

28 In the diagram, rod R is suspended from an insulating thread.

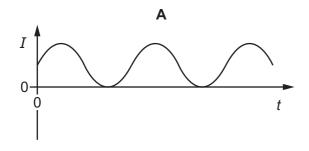


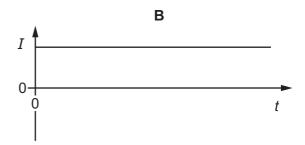
When the positively charged rod Q is brought close to rod R, rod R moves away from rod Q.

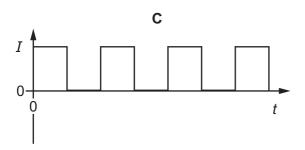
Which conclusion can be made from this observation?

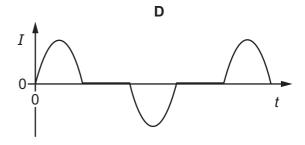
- A Rod R is charged, but it is not possible to identify the sign of the charge.
- **B** Rod R must be positively charged.
- **C** Rod R must be negatively charged.
- **D** Rod R is uncharged.
- **29** In which heating system circuit would thermistors **not** be useful?
 - A to keep different rooms at different temperatures
 - **B** to turn an alarm on if the system overheats
 - **C** to turn a heating system off at a particular temperature
 - **D** to turn a heating system on when a sound is detected
- 30 Which statement is correct?
 - **A** A fuse is included in a circuit to prevent the current becoming too high.
 - **B** A fuse should be connected to the neutral wire in a plug.
 - **C** An electric circuit will only work if it includes a fuse.
 - **D** An earth wire is needed to prevent the fuse blowing.

31 Which graph of current *I* against time *t* represents an alternating current (a.c.)?

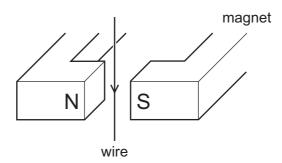




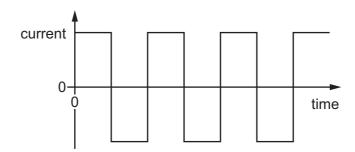




32 The diagram shows a wire in the magnetic field between two poles of a magnet.



The current in the wire repeatedly changes between a constant value in one direction and a constant value in the opposite direction, as shown in the graph.



What is the effect on the wire?

- **A** The force on the wire alternates between one direction and the opposite direction.
- **B** The force on the wire is constant in size and direction.
- **C** There is no force acting on the wire at any time.
- **D** There is only a force on the wire when the current reverses.

33 A transformer has N_p turns on its primary coil and N_s turns on its secondary coil. The voltage across the primary coil is V_p and the voltage across the secondary coil is V_s .

What is the relationship between these four quantities?

$$\mathbf{A} \qquad V_{p} \times V_{s} = N_{p} \times N_{s}$$

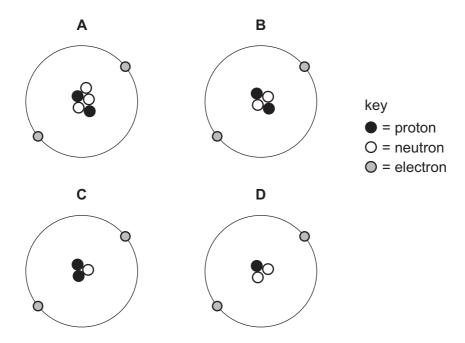
$$\mathbf{B} \qquad \frac{V_{\mathsf{p}}}{V_{\mathsf{s}}} = \frac{N_{\mathsf{p}}}{N_{\mathsf{s}}}$$

$$\mathbf{C} \qquad \frac{V_{p}}{V_{s}} = \frac{N_{s}}{N_{p}}$$

$$\mathbf{D} \qquad \frac{V_{\mathsf{p}}}{V_{\mathsf{s}}} = N_{\mathsf{p}} \times N_{\mathsf{s}}$$

34 The diagrams represent the protons, neutrons and electrons in different atoms and ions.

Which diagram shows a negatively charged ion?



35 Which row correctly describes an example of radioactive decay?

	original nucleus	emission	change or no change of element
Α	stable	γ	change of element
В	unstable	α	change of element
С	unstable	α	no change of element
D	unstable	β	no change of element

36 A detector is used to monitor the emissions from a radioactive source over several days.

The table shows the count rate from the source at different times.

time/days	count rate counts/s
0	250
1	215
2	180
3	148
4	120
5	100

What is the half-life of the source?

- A between 1 and 2 days
- **B** between 2 and 3 days
- C between 3 and 4 days
- **D** between 4 and 5 days
- 37 What is the most effective precaution to reduce the risk when handling, storing or using a radioactive source that emits γ -rays?
 - A Handle the source for the least possible time.
 - **B** Have a fire extinguisher nearby when using the source.
 - **C** Store the source at a low temperature.
 - **D** Wear plastic safety goggles when handling the source.
- **38** Approximately how long does the Moon take to orbit the Earth?
 - A 1 day
 - **B** 7 days
 - C 28 days
 - **D** 365 days

39 The Sun transfers energy to the Earth through electromagnetic radiation.

What are two of the parts of the electromagnetic spectrum to which most of the energy belongs?

- A gamma rays and X-rays
- B infrared radiation and visible light
- C microwaves and visible light
- D radio waves and microwaves
- **40** What provides evidence that the Universe is expanding?
 - **A** Stars in galaxies outside the Milky Way are all red.
 - **B** The Andromeda galaxy is moving toward the Milky Way.
 - **C** Light from distant galaxies is shifted to longer wavelengths.
 - **D** The Universe is 14 billion years old.

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